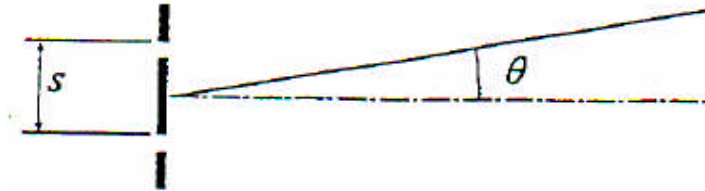


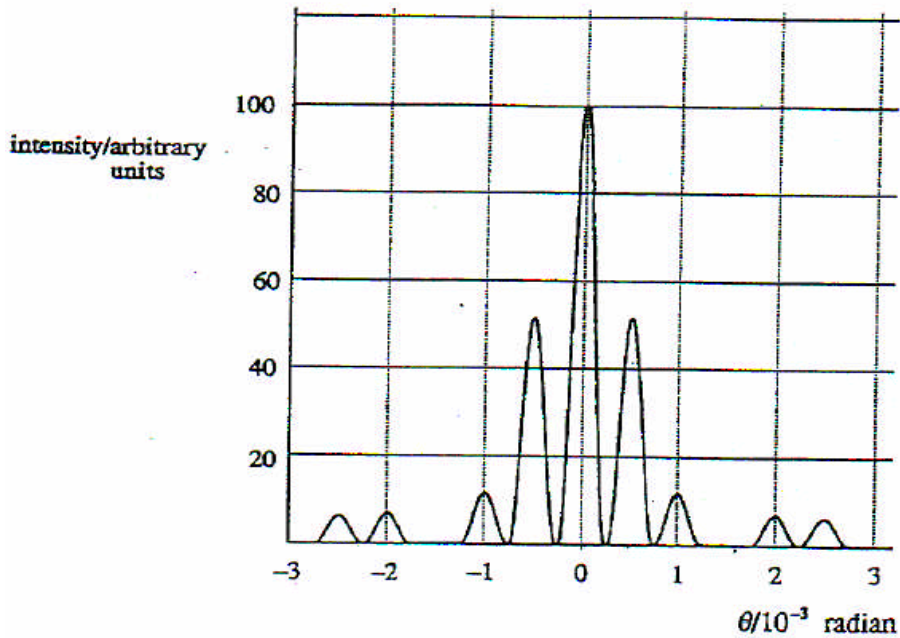
**Chapter 6**  
**Short answer question**

This question is about the diffraction and superposition of light.

A parallel beam of yellow light of wavelength 600 nm falls normally on two parallel slits, a distance  $s$  apart.



The graph above shows the way in which the intensity on a distant screen varies with the angle,  $q$ .



- Use measurements from the graph to show that the separation of the slits is 1.2mm.
- Why is there a maximum missing at  $q = 1.5 \times 10^{-3}$  radian?
- Calculate the width of each slit.

- (d) One of the slits is covered up. On the axes below draw, as accurately as you can, the graph of the resulting intensity against  $q$ . (Use the same intensity scale as on the previous graph.)

